

Arjunolic Acid in the Ethanolic Extract of *Combretum leprosum* Root and its Use as a Potential Multi-Functional Phytomedicine and Drug for Neurodegenerative Disorders: Anti-Inflammatory and Anticholinesterasic Activities

Valdir A. Facundo^a, Katiúscia A. Rios^a, Ciléia M. Medeiros^b, Júlio S. L. T. Militão^a, Ana Luisa P. Miranda^b, Rosângela de A. Epifanio^c, Meriane P. Carvalho^c, Aline T. Andrade^d, Angelo C. Pinto^d and Claudia M. Rezende^{*, d}

^aDepartamento de Química, Universidade Federal de Rondônia, Avenida Presidente Dutra 2965, 78900-500 Porto Velho- RO, Brazil

^bFaculdade de Farmácia, LASSBio, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Centro de Ciências da Saúde, Cidade Universitária, 21941-590 Rio de Janeiro- RJ, Brazil

^cInstituto de Química, Universidade Federal Fluminense, Campus do Valongo, 24020-005 Niteroi- RJ, Brazil

^dInstituto de Química, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Centro de Tecnologia, Bloco A, Cidade Universitária, 21945-970 Rio de Janeiro- RJ, Brazil.

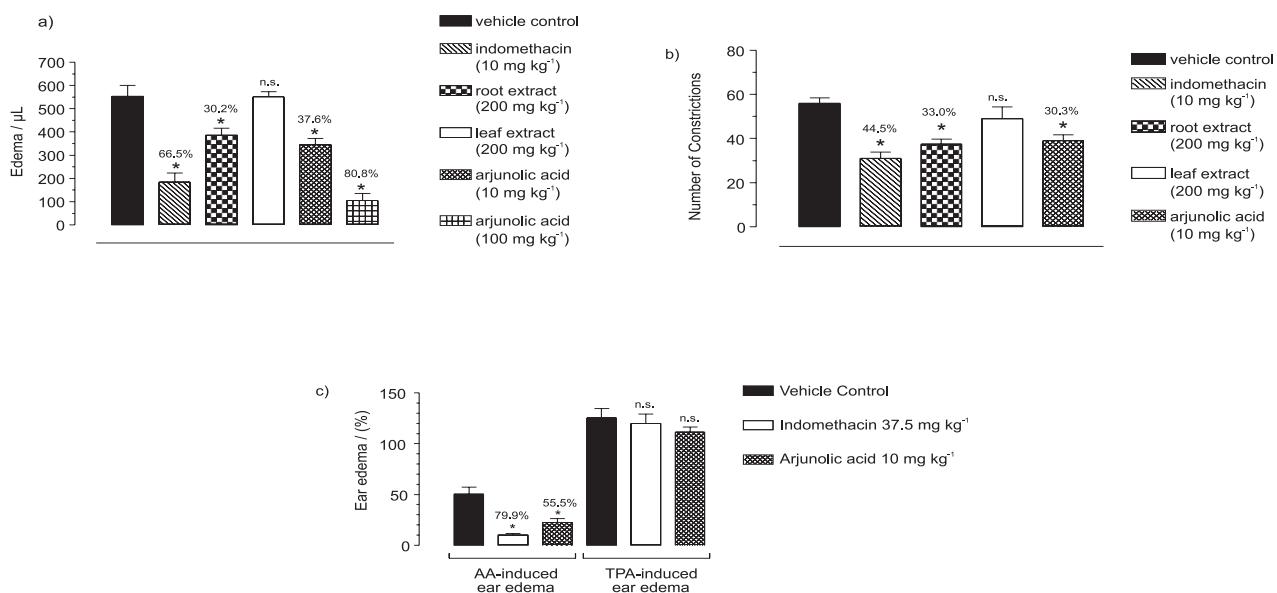


Figure 1S. Anti-inflammatory and antinociceptive effects of arjunolic acid and ethanolic extracts from *Combretum leprosum*. (a) Carrageenan-induced rat paw edema. (b) Acetic acid-induced mice constrictions. (c) Arachidonic acid (AA) and phorbol ester (TPA)-induced mice ear edema. Extracts and compounds were orally administered. Data are expressed as mean ± SEM ($n = 8-12$ animals per group). * $p < 0.05$ (compared with vehicle control group). n.s. – non significant.

* e-mail: crezende@iq.ufrj.br