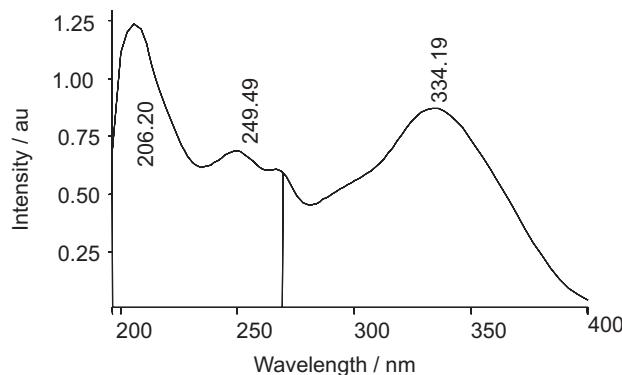


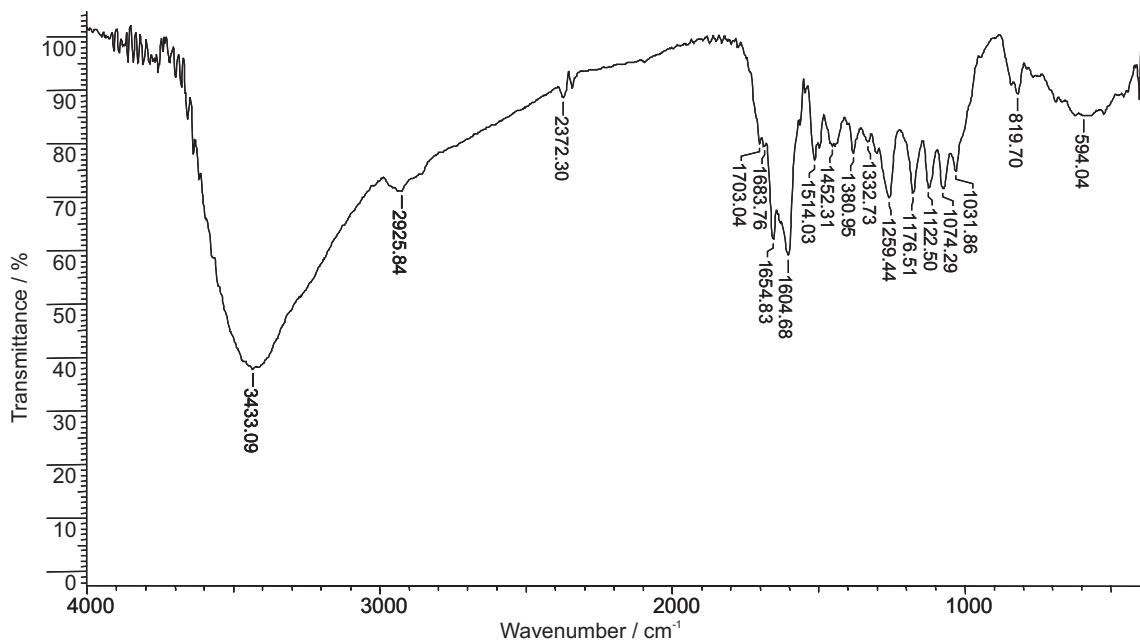
**New Flavone from the Leaves of *Neea theifera* (Nyctaginaceae)**

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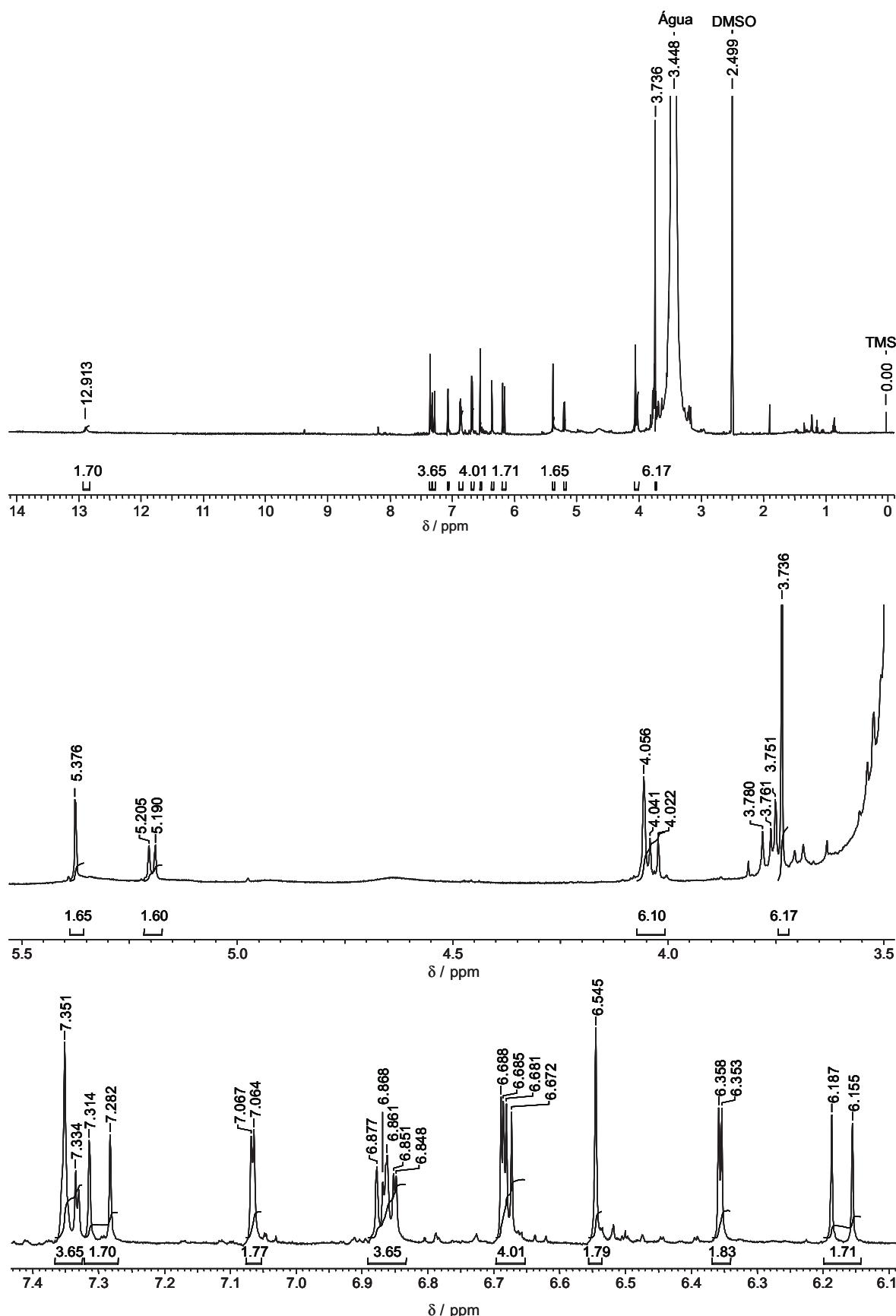


**Figure S1.** UV spectrum of (1) (MeOH).

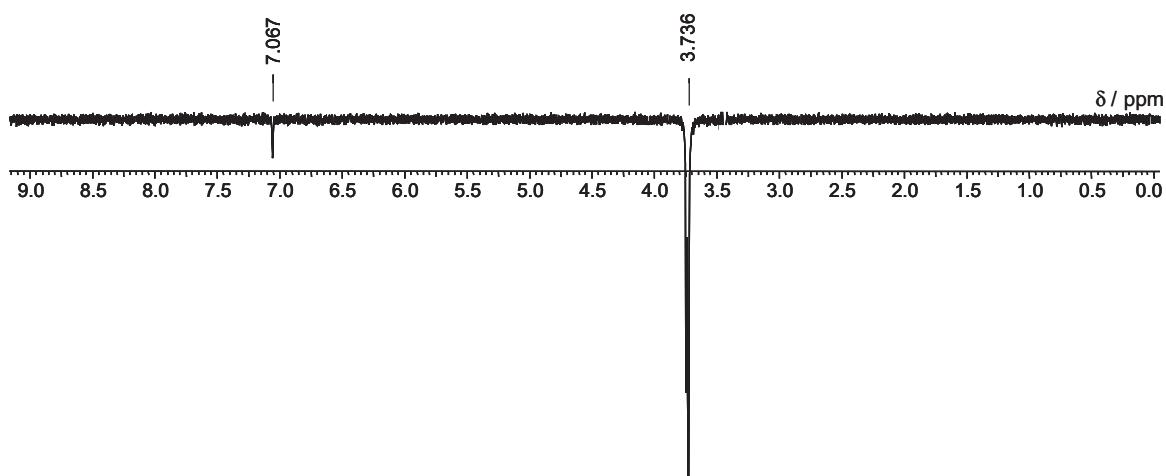


**Figure S2.** IR spectrum of (1) (KBr disk).

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**Figure S3.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of (1) ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ , 11.7 T, TMS, ppm).



**Figure S4.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR 1D-NOESY of (1) (DMSO- $d_6$ , 11.7 T, ppm).

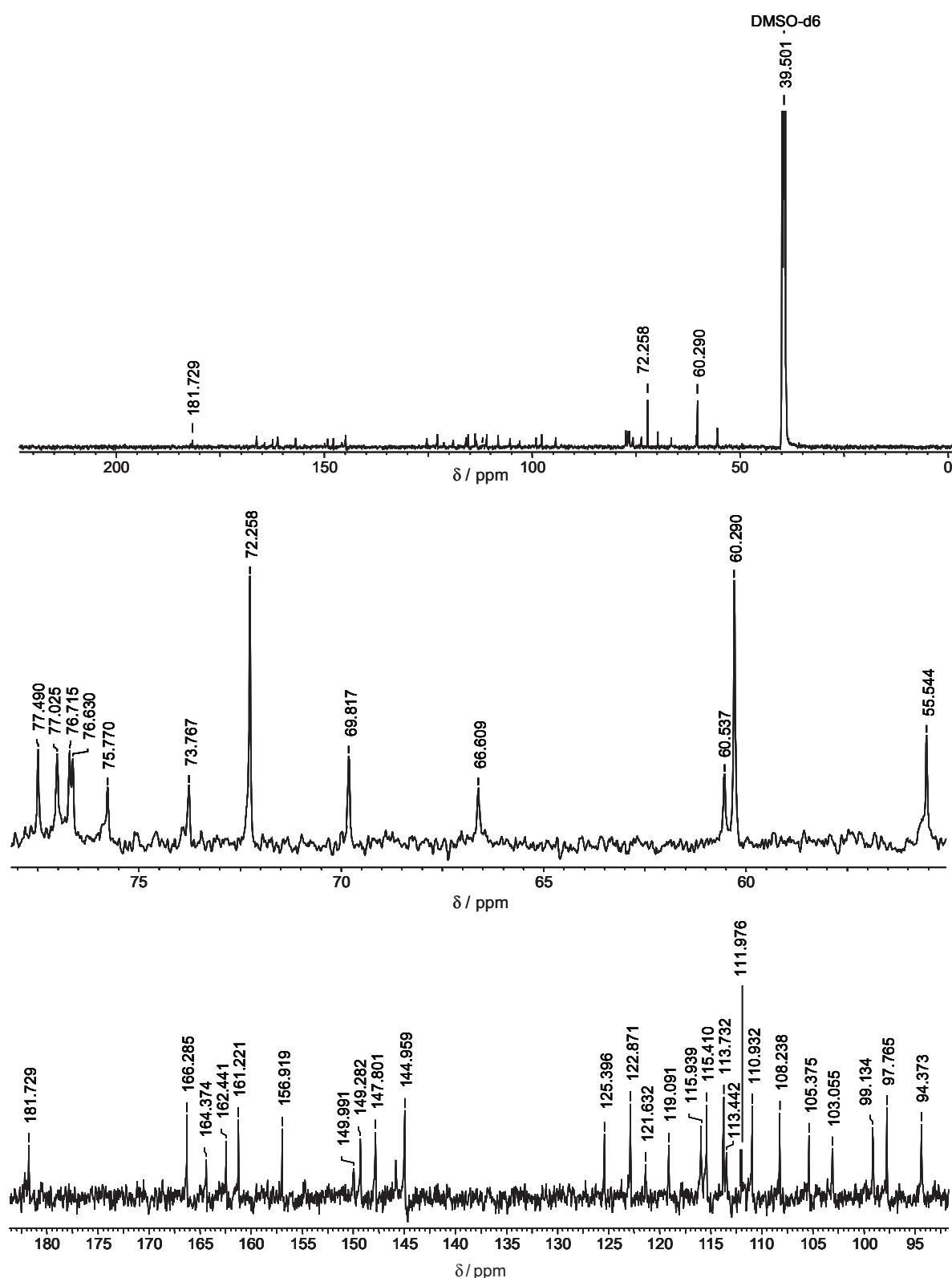
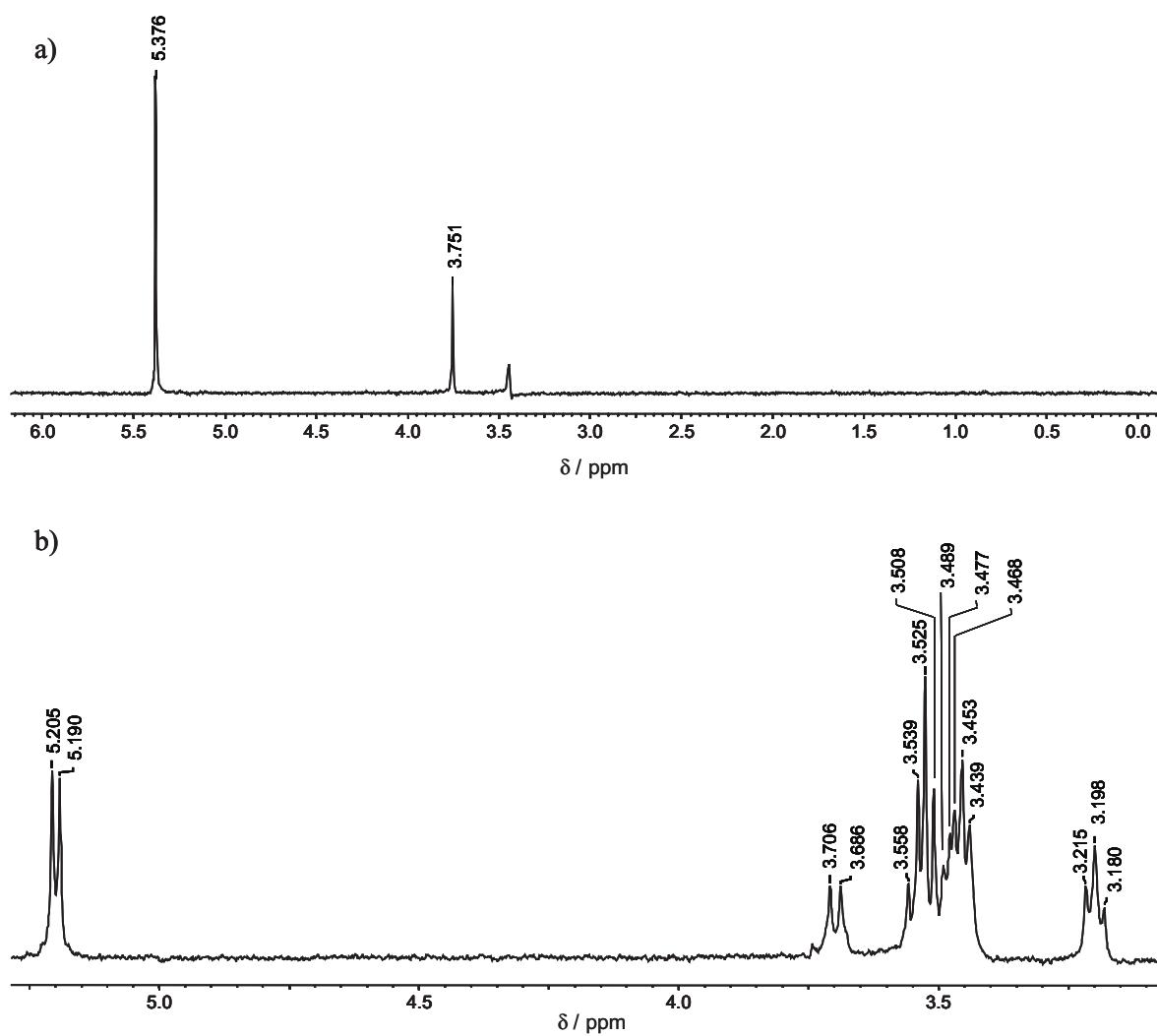
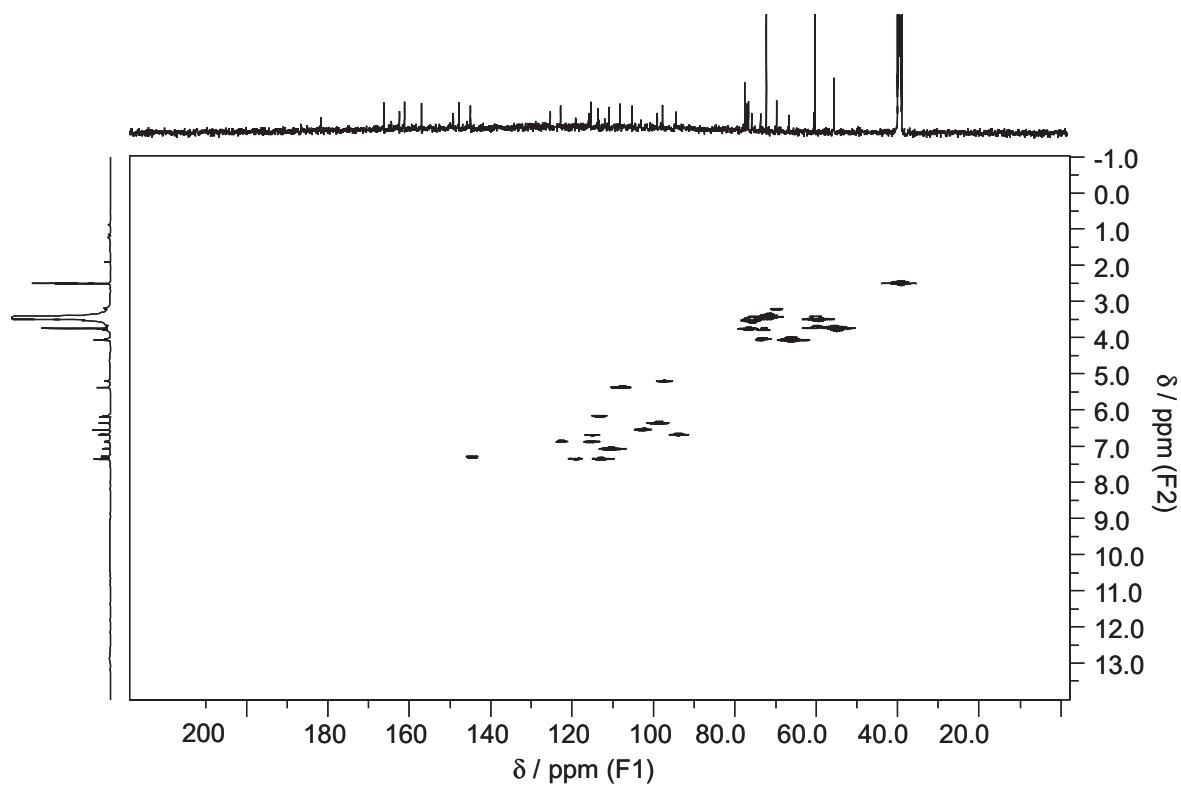


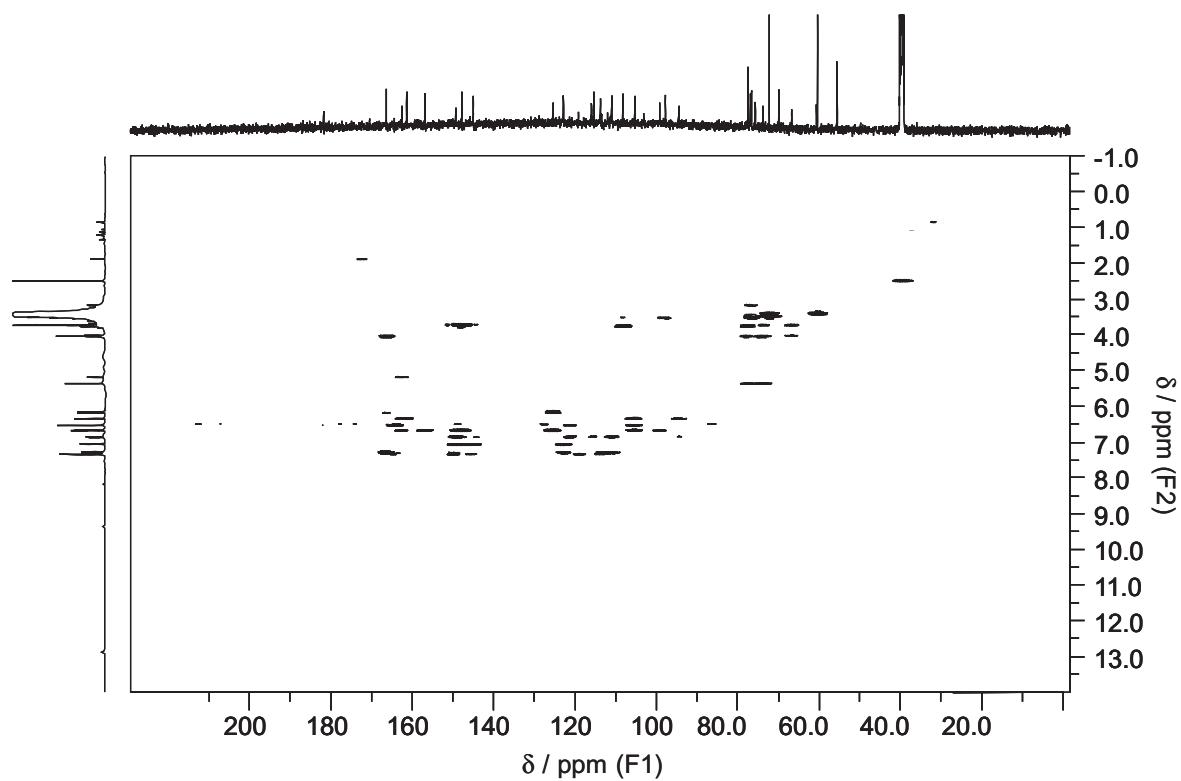
Figure S5.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of (1) ( $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ , 11.7 T, ppm).



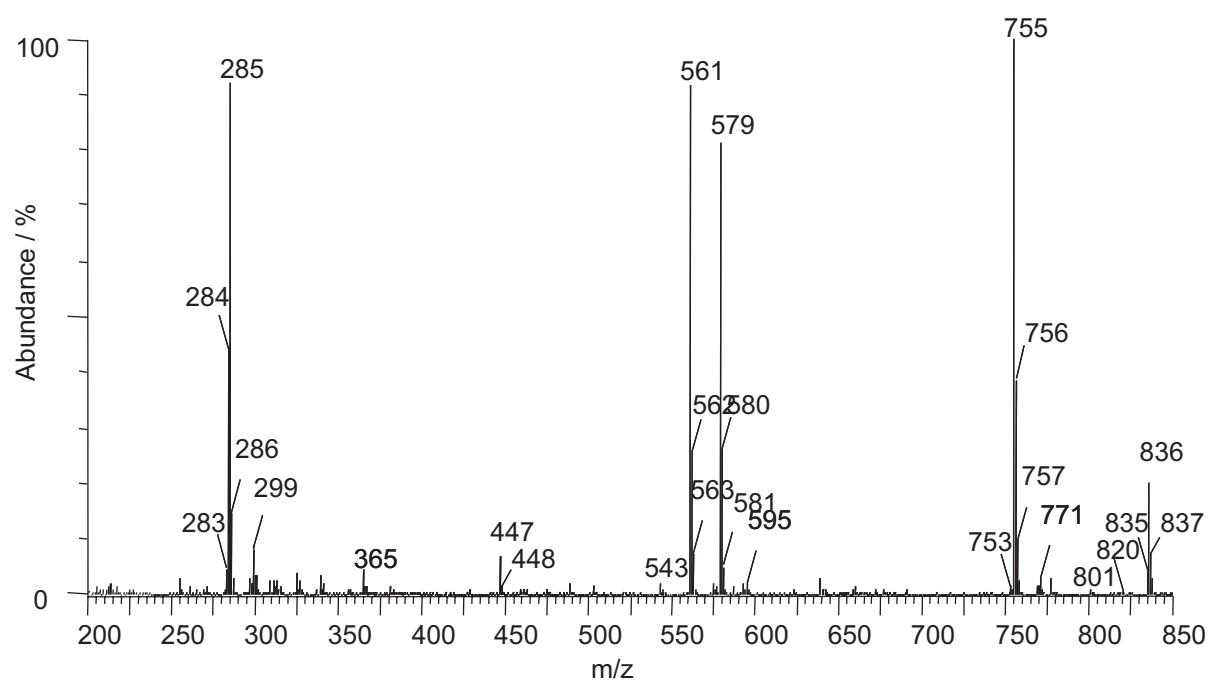
**Figure S6.** TOCSY spectrum of (**1**) (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, 11.7 T, ppm): a) Apiose; b) Glucose.



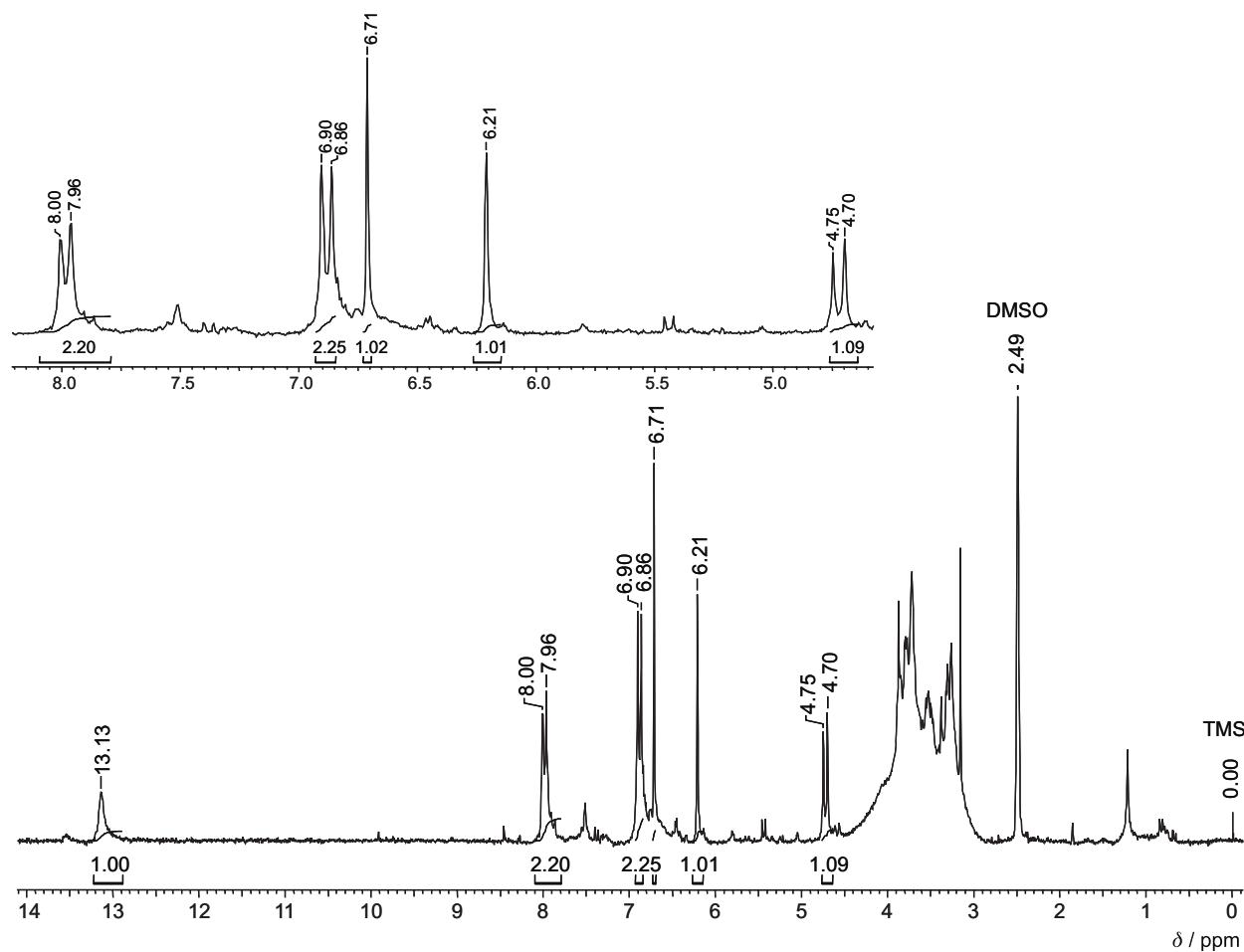
**Figure S7.** gHMQC spectrum of (1) (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, 11.7 T, TMS, ppm).



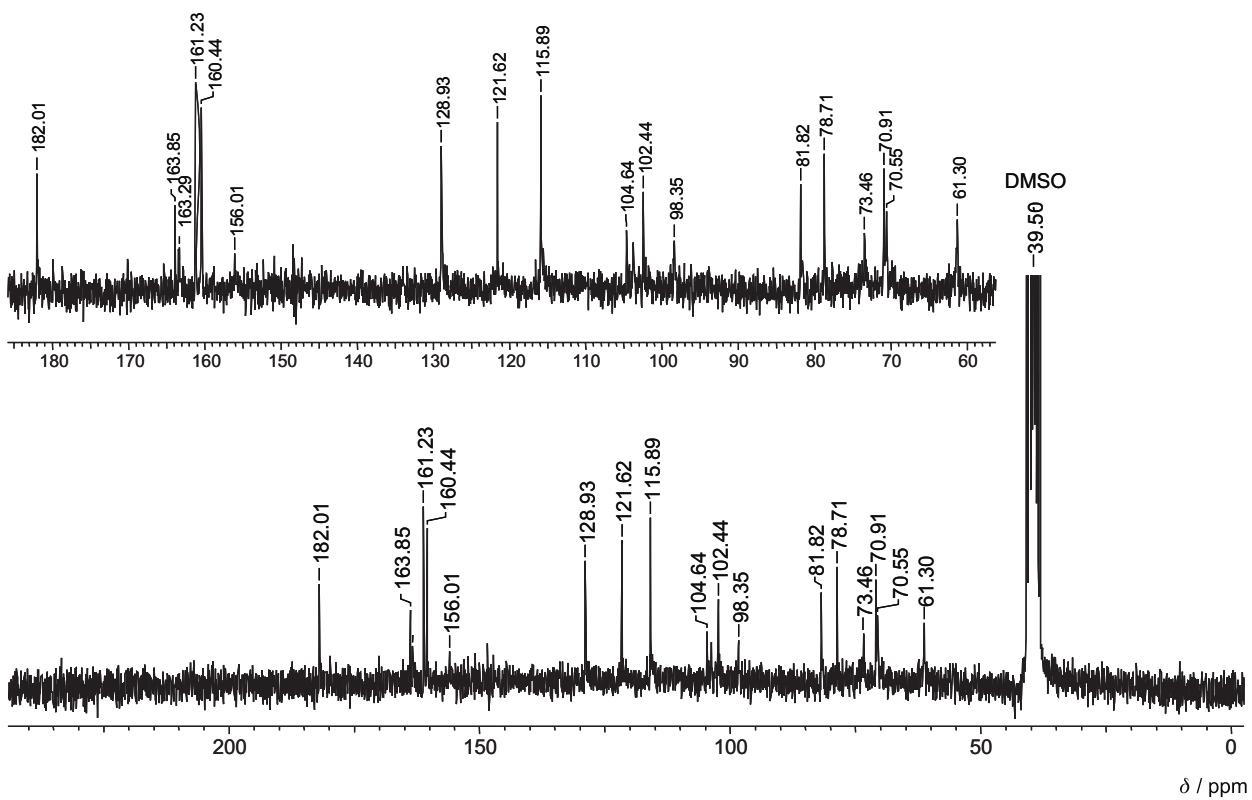
**Figure S8.** gHMBC spectrum of (1) (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, 11.7 T, TMS, ppm).



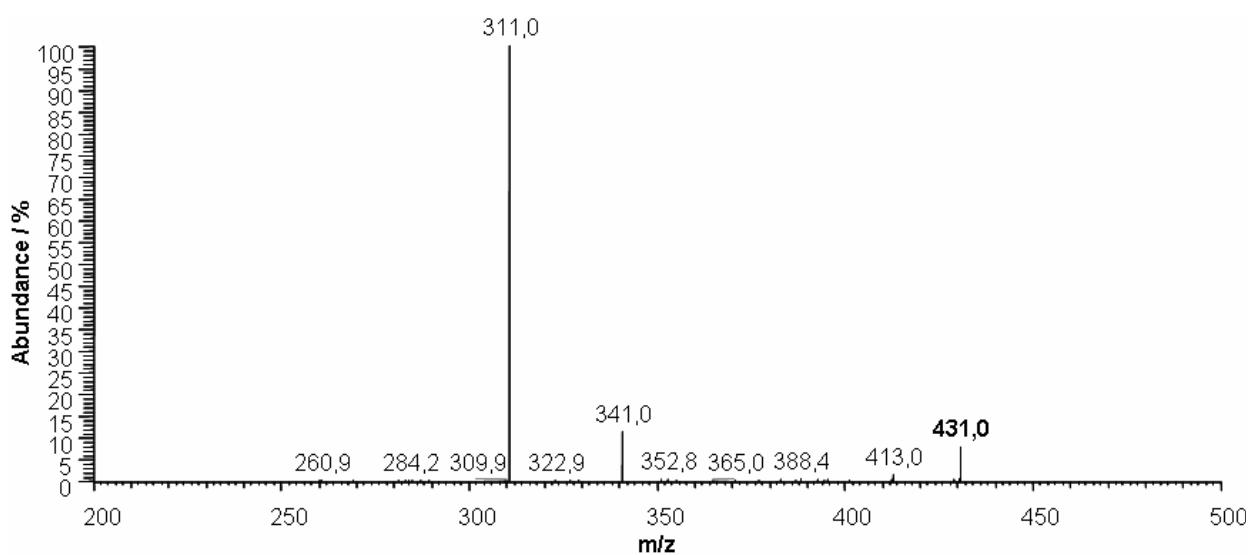
**Figure S9.** ESI-MS spectrum of (**1**) (negative mode, 70 V).



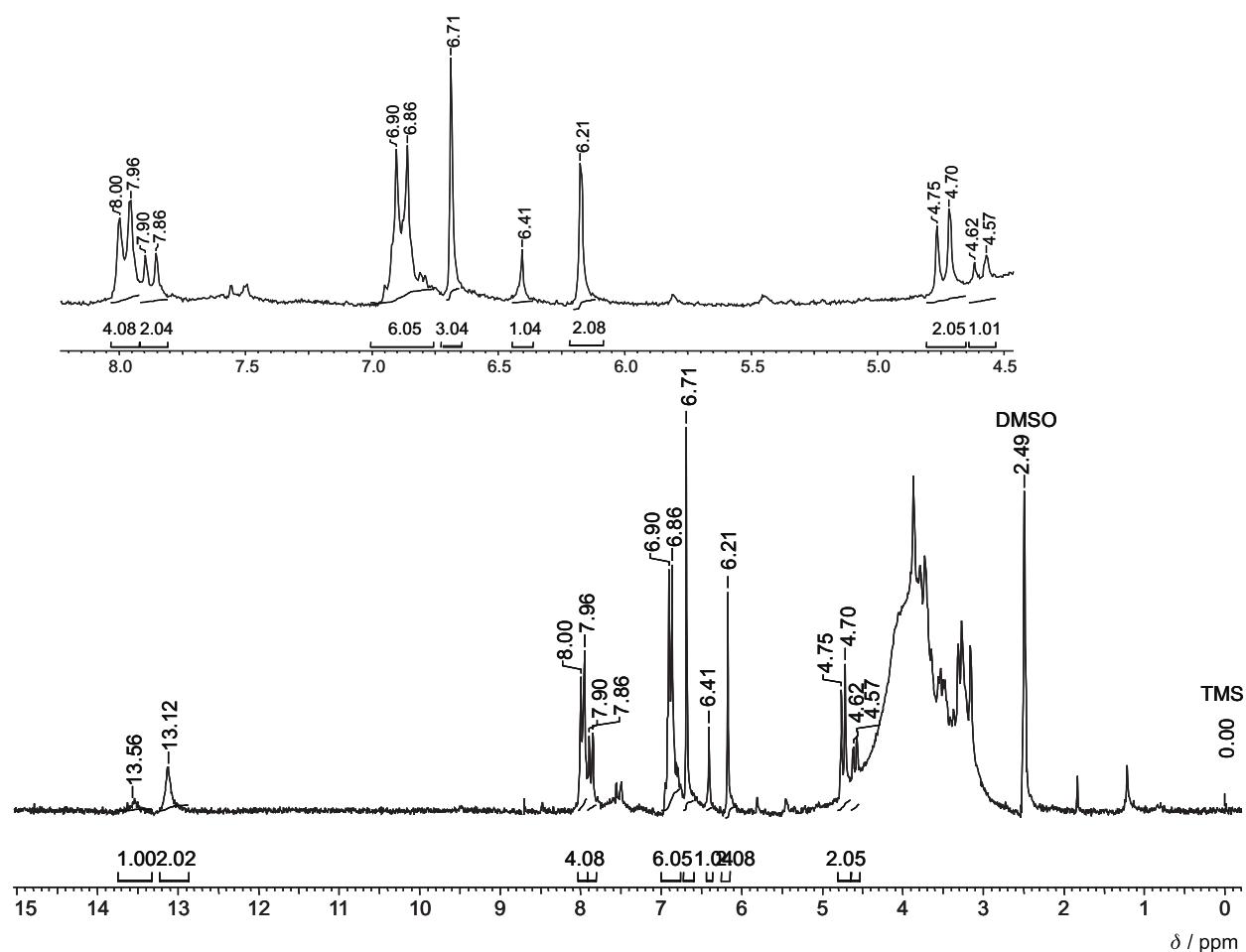
**Figure S10.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of vitexin (DMSO- $d_6$ , 4.7 T, TMS, ppm).



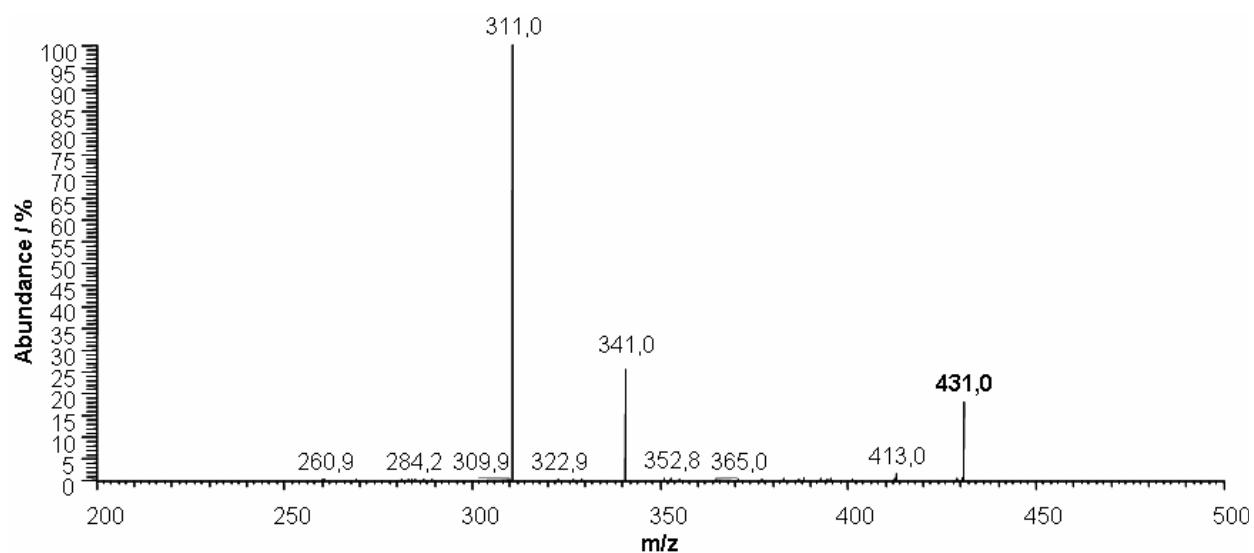
**Figure S11.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of vitexin (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, 4.7 T, ppm).



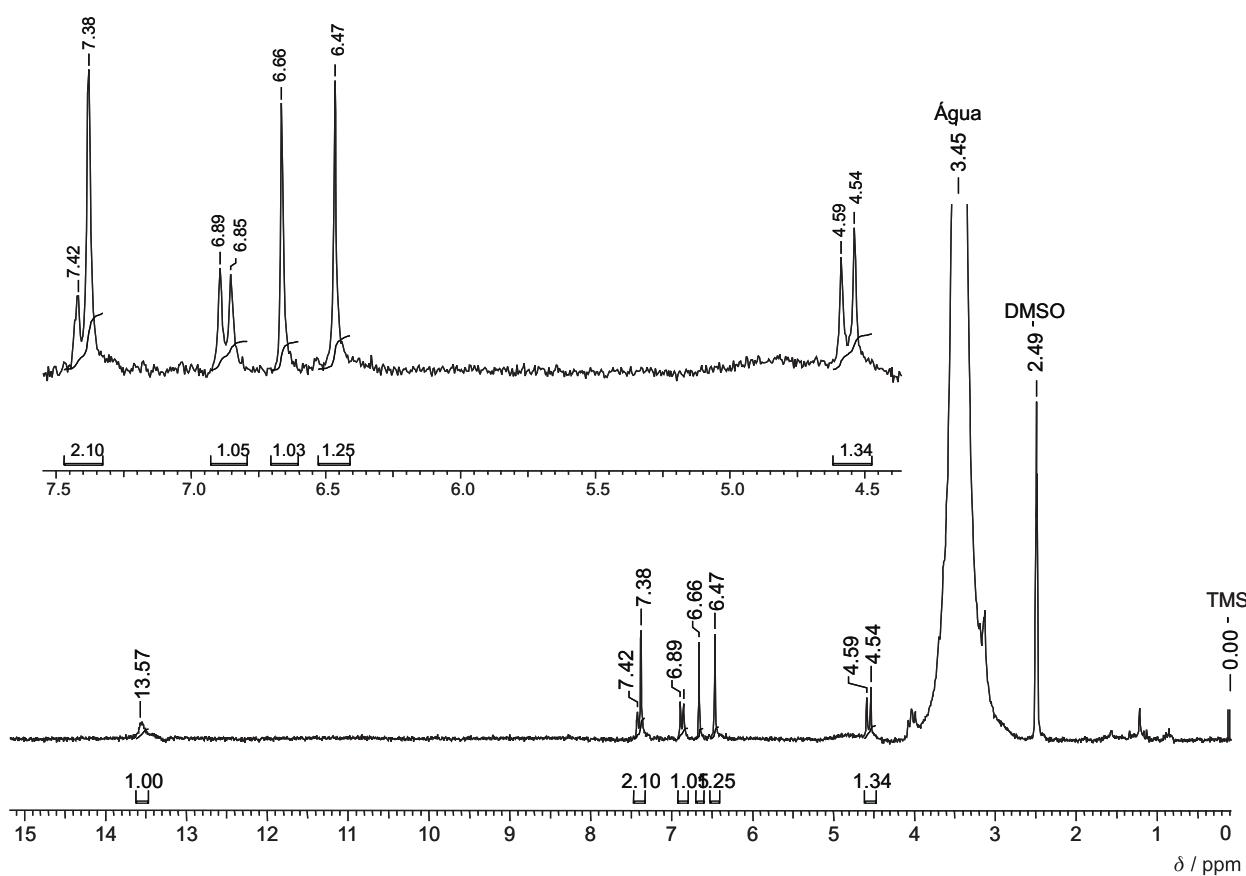
**Figure S12.** ESI-MS spectrum of vitexin (negative mode, 70 V).



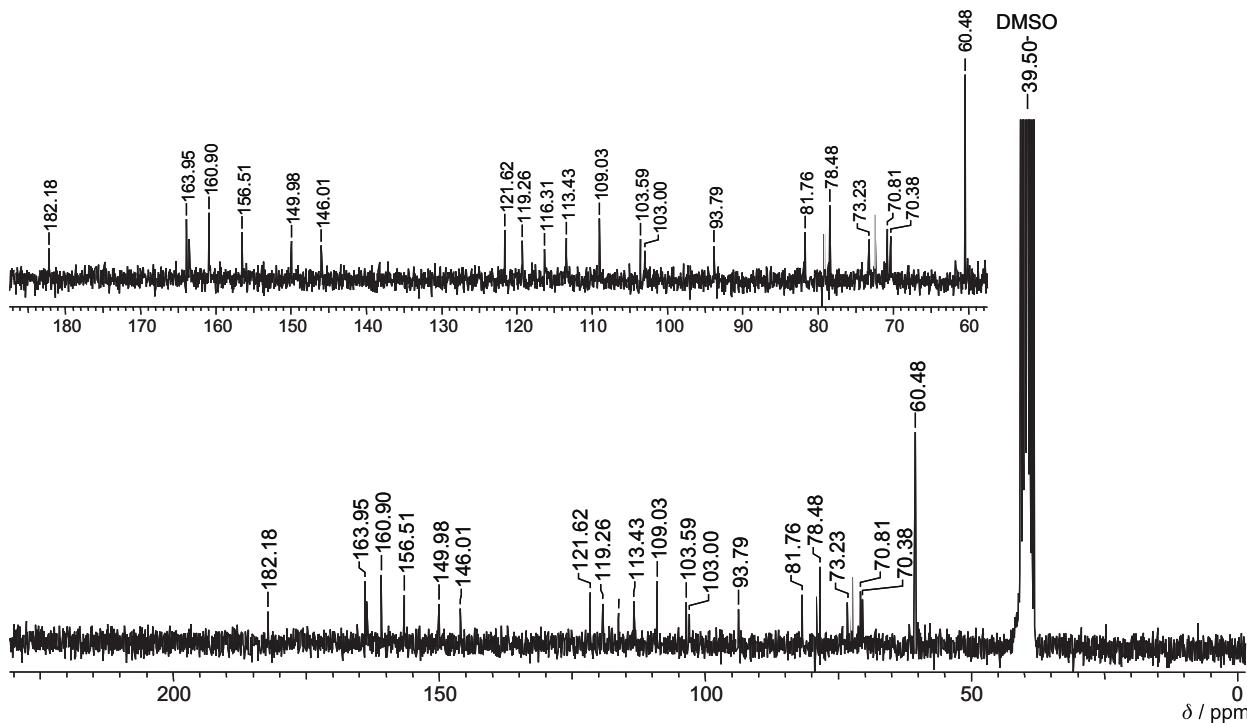
**Figure S13.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the mixture of isovitexin and vitexin (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, 4.7 T, TMS, ppm).



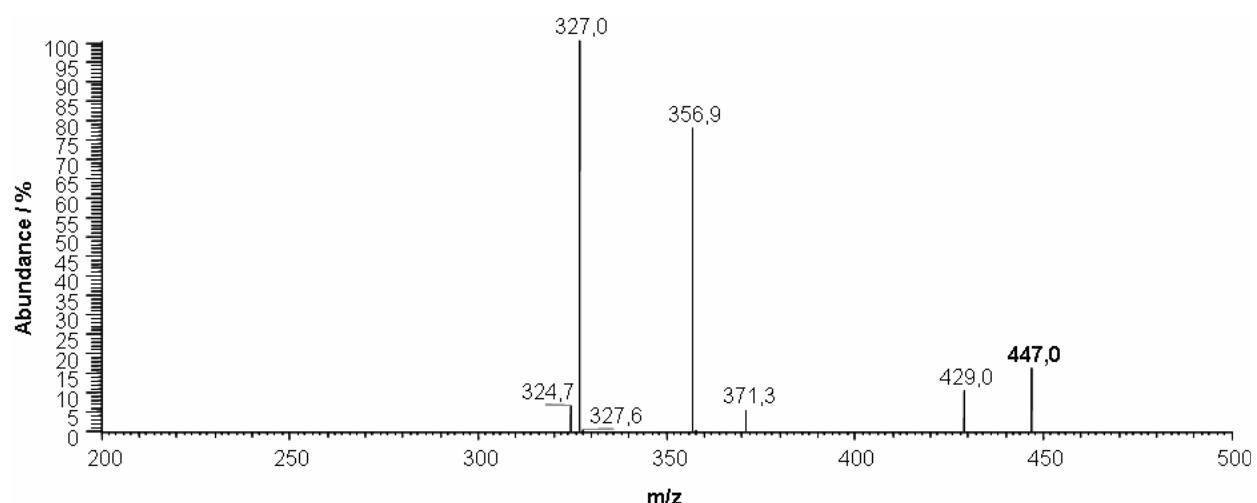
**Figure S14.** ESI-MS spectrum of the mixture of isovitexin and vitexin (negative mode, 70 V).



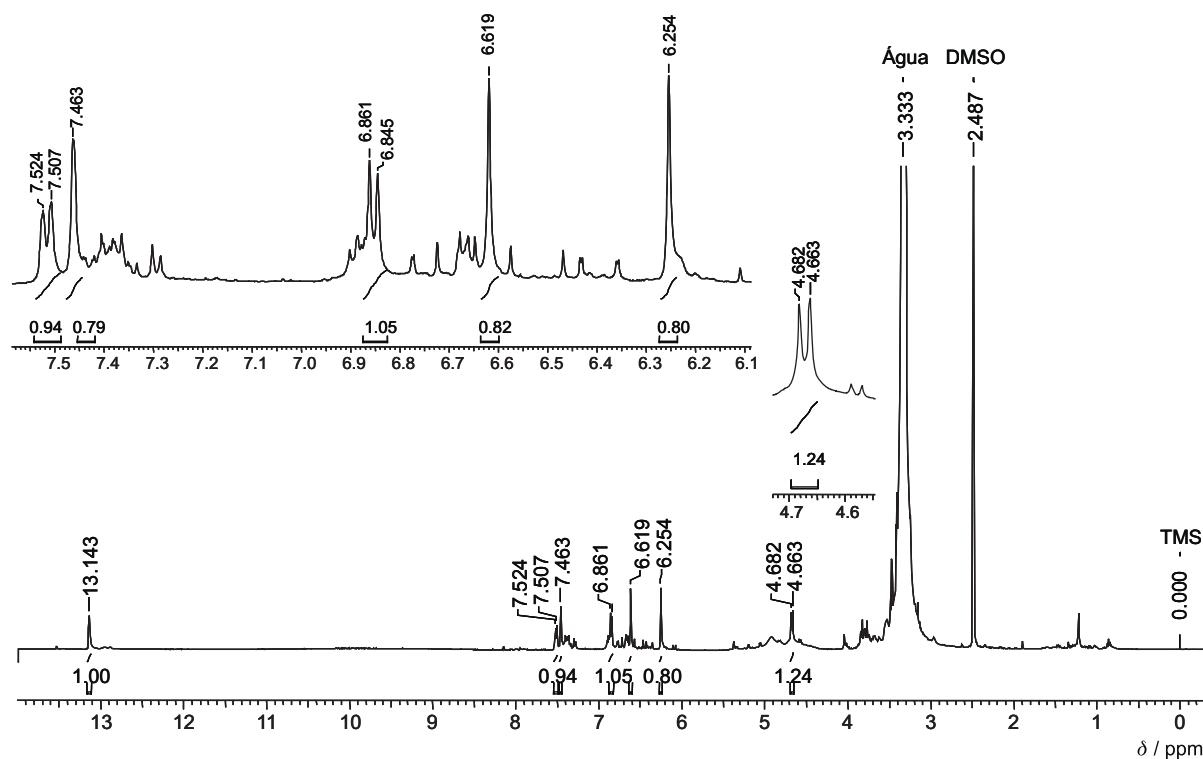
**Figure S15.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of isoorientin ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ , 4.7 T, TMS, ppm).



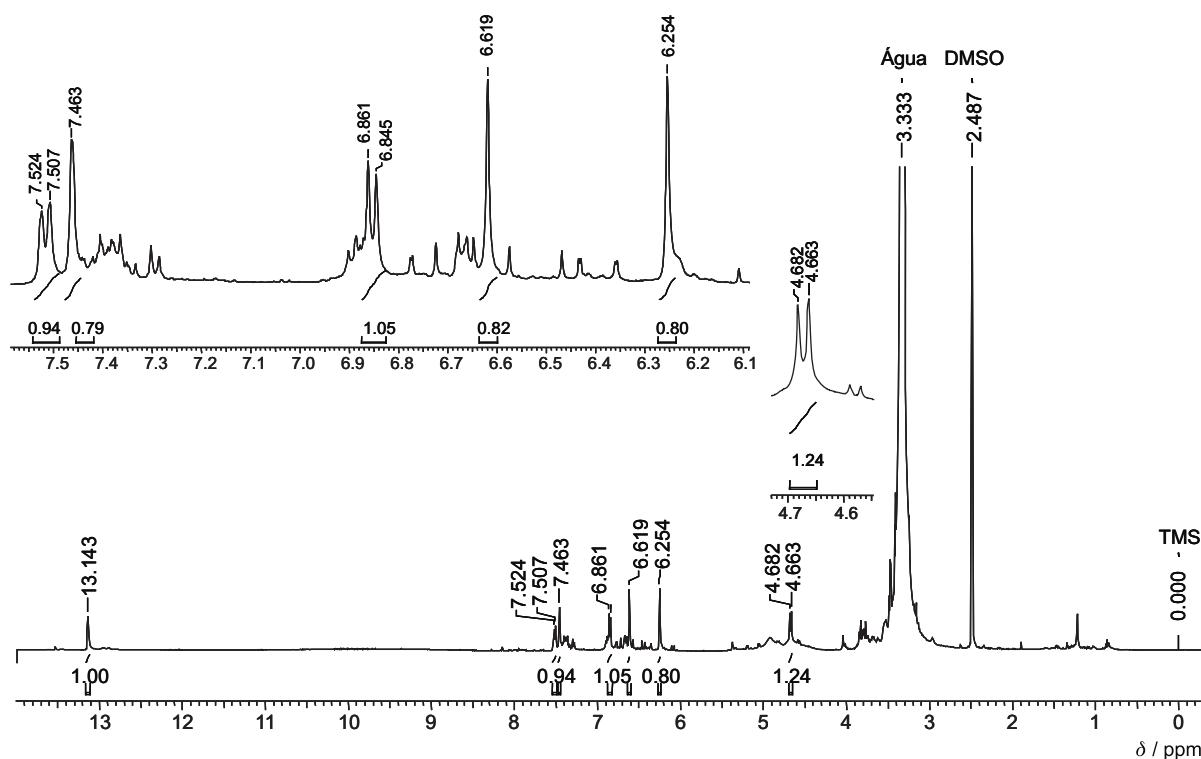
**Figure S16.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of isoorientin ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ , 4.7 T, ppm).



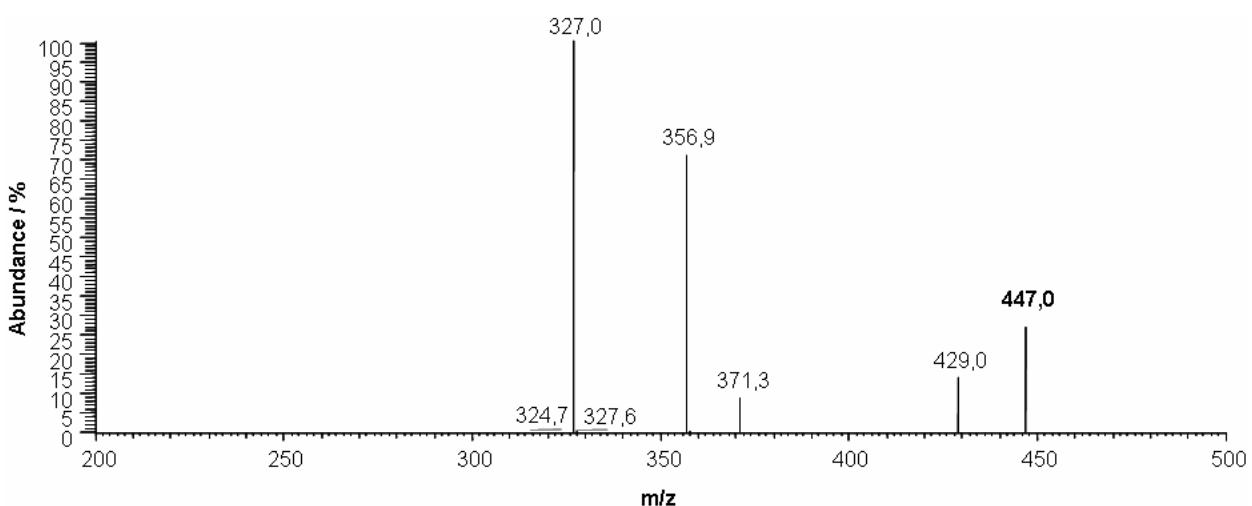
**Figure S17.** ESI-MS spectrum of isoorientin (negative mode, 70 V).



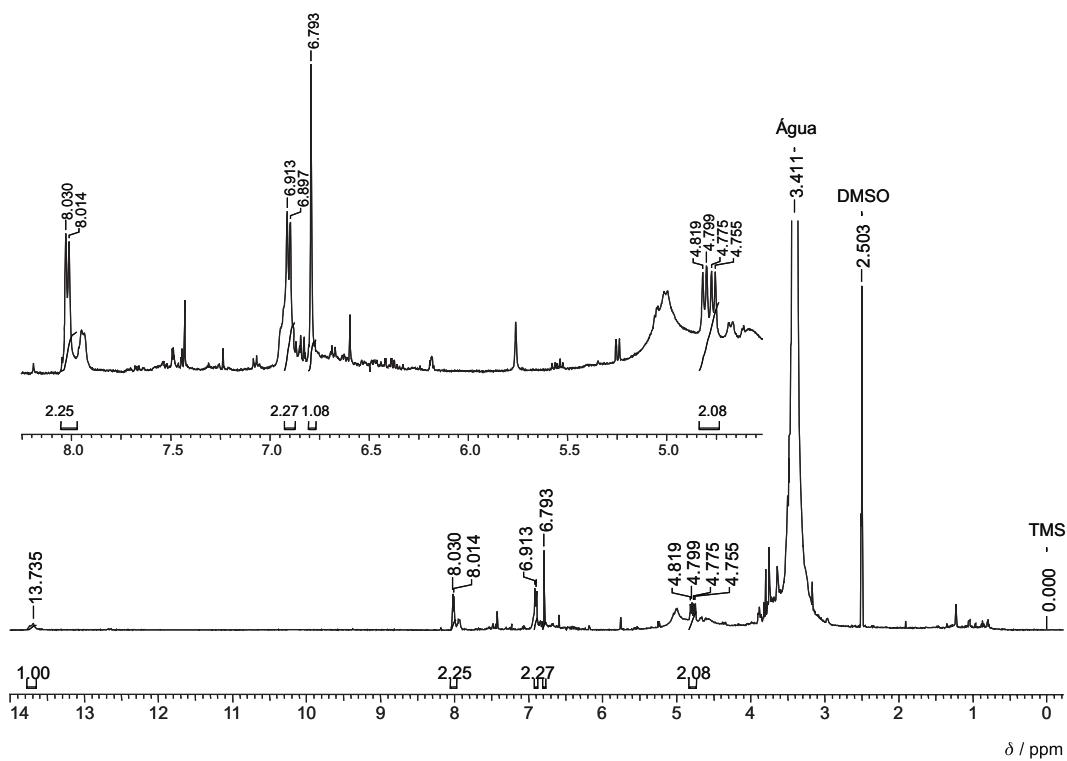
**Figure S18.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of orientin ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ , 4.7 T, TMS, ppm).



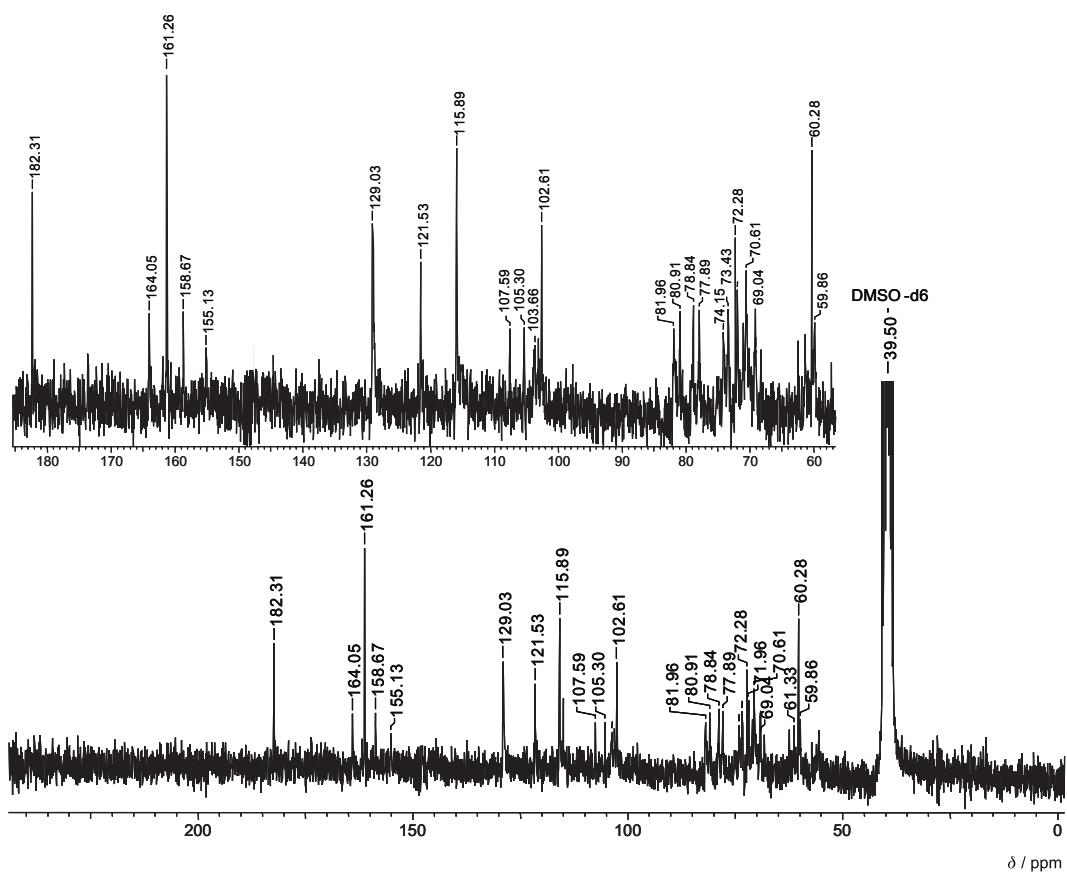
**Figure S19.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of orientin ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ , 4.7 T, ppm).



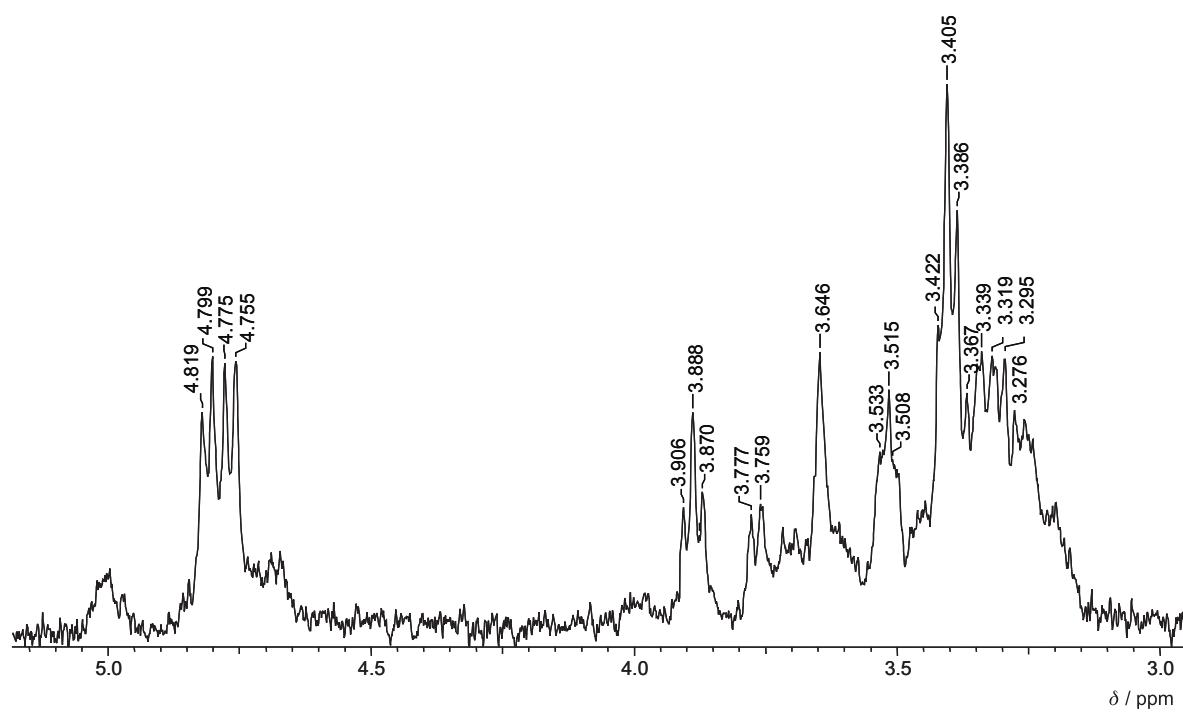
**Figure S20.** ESI-MS spectrum of orientin (negative mode, 70 V).



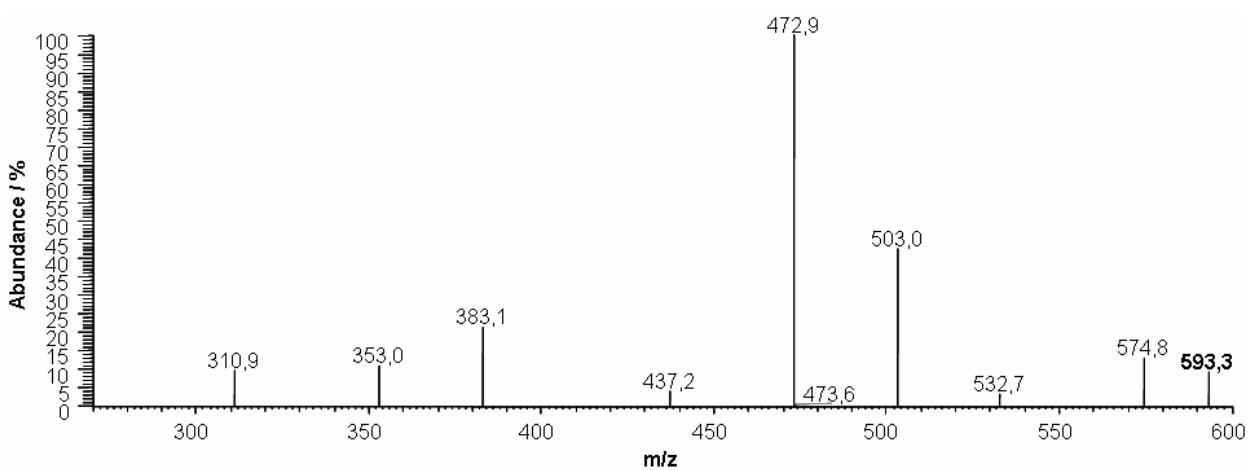
**Figure S21.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of vicenin-2 (DMSO- $d_6$ , 11.7 T, TMS, ppm).



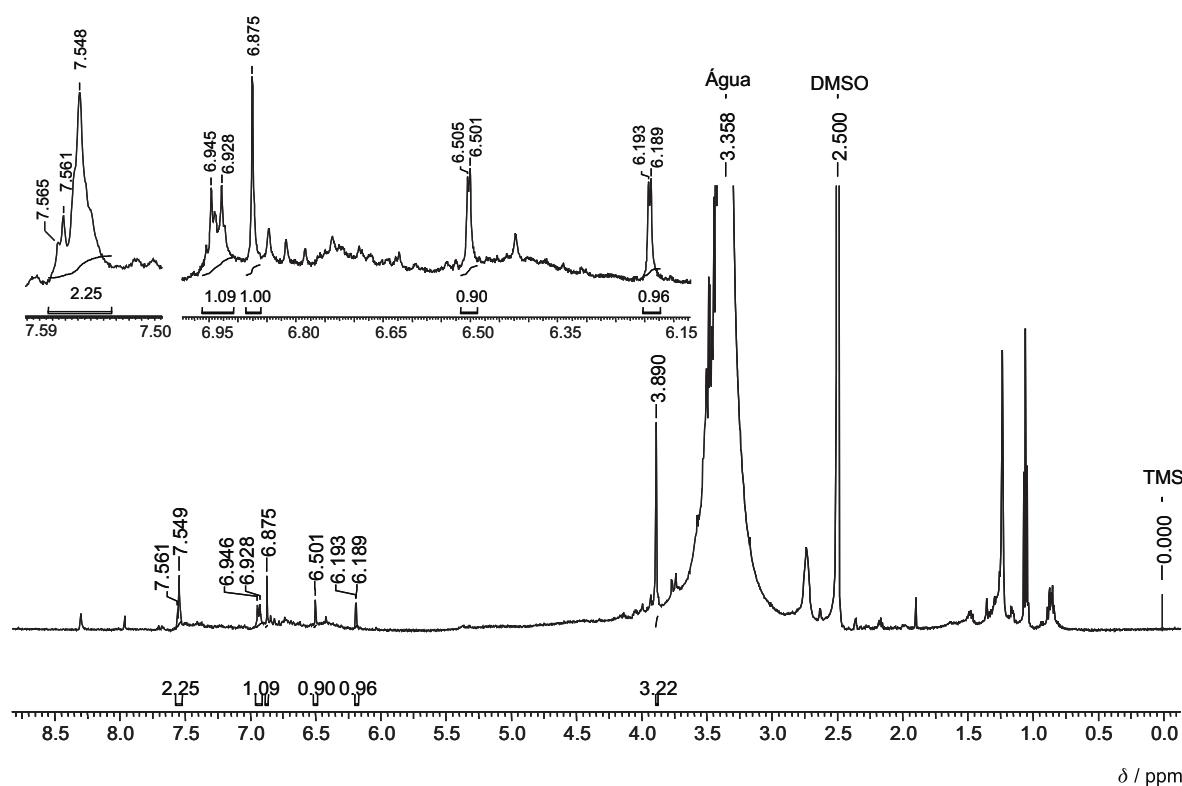
**Figure S22.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of vicenin-2 (DMSO- $d_6$ , 11.7 T, TMS, ppm).



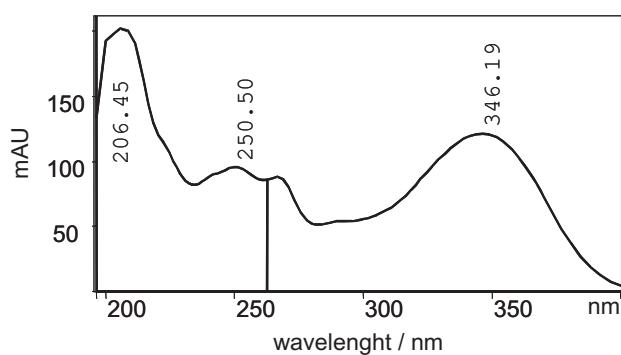
**Figure S23.** TOCSY spectrum of vicenin-2 (DMSO- $d_6$ , 11.7 T, ppm, irradiation of  $\delta$  4.809).



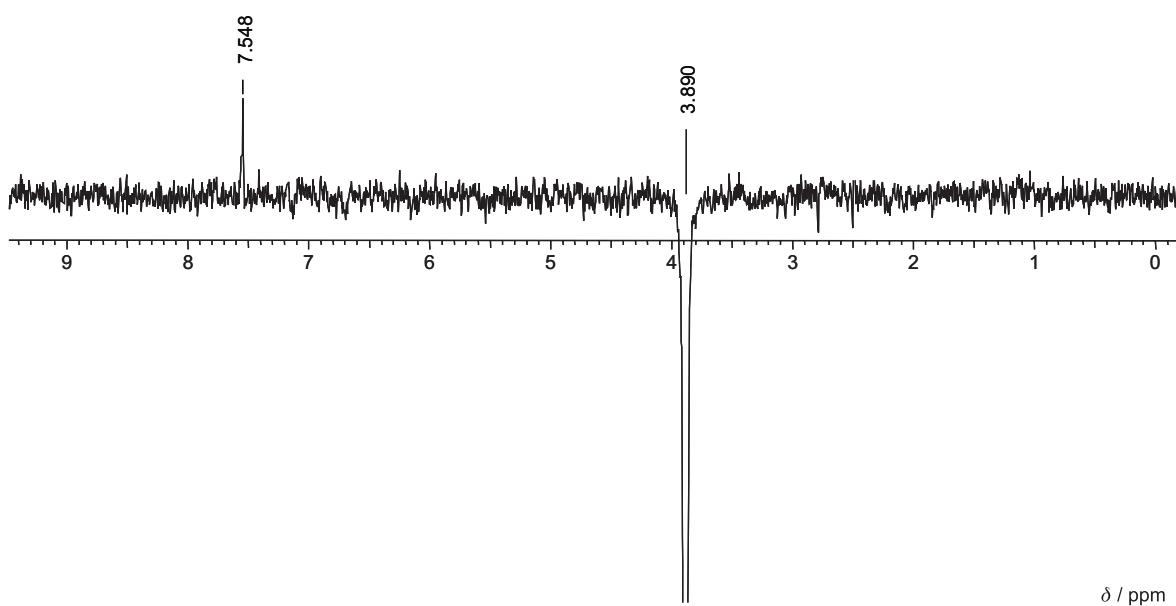
**Figure S24.** ESI-MS spectrum of vicenin-2 (negative mode, 70 V).



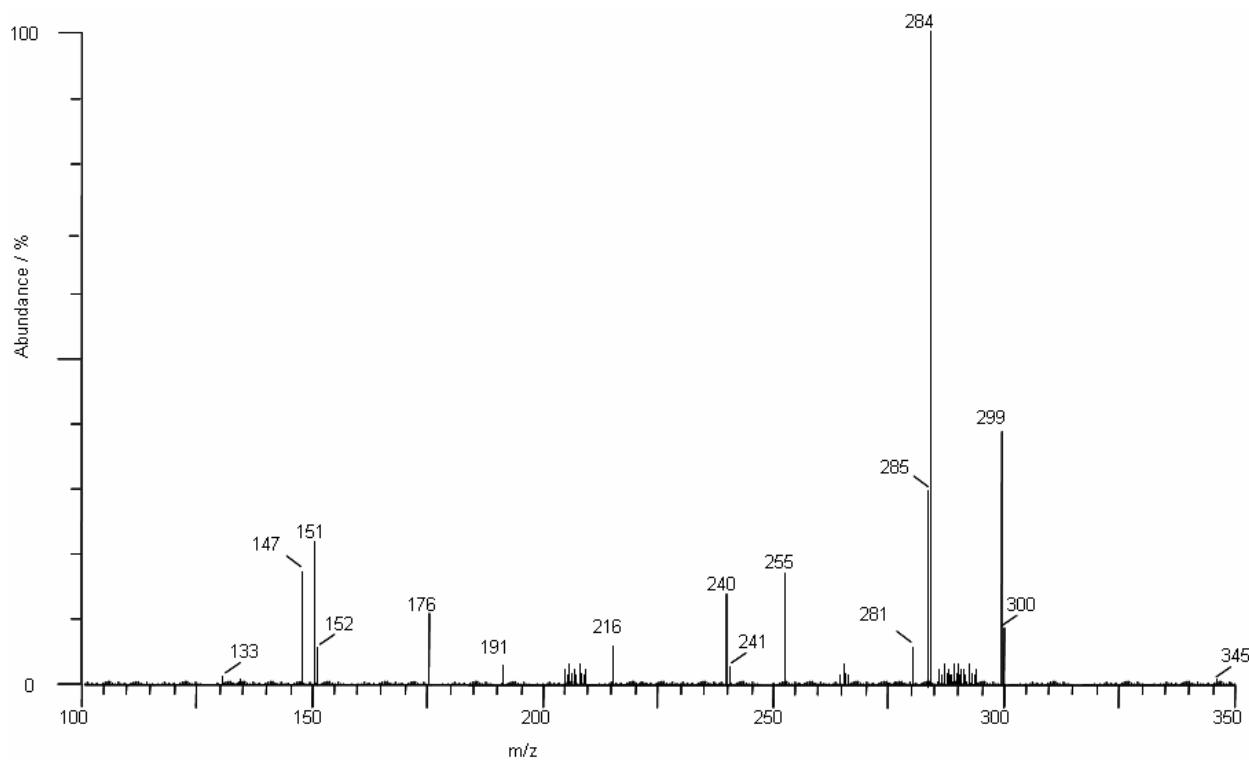
**Figure S25.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of chrysoeriol ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ , 11.7 T, ppm).



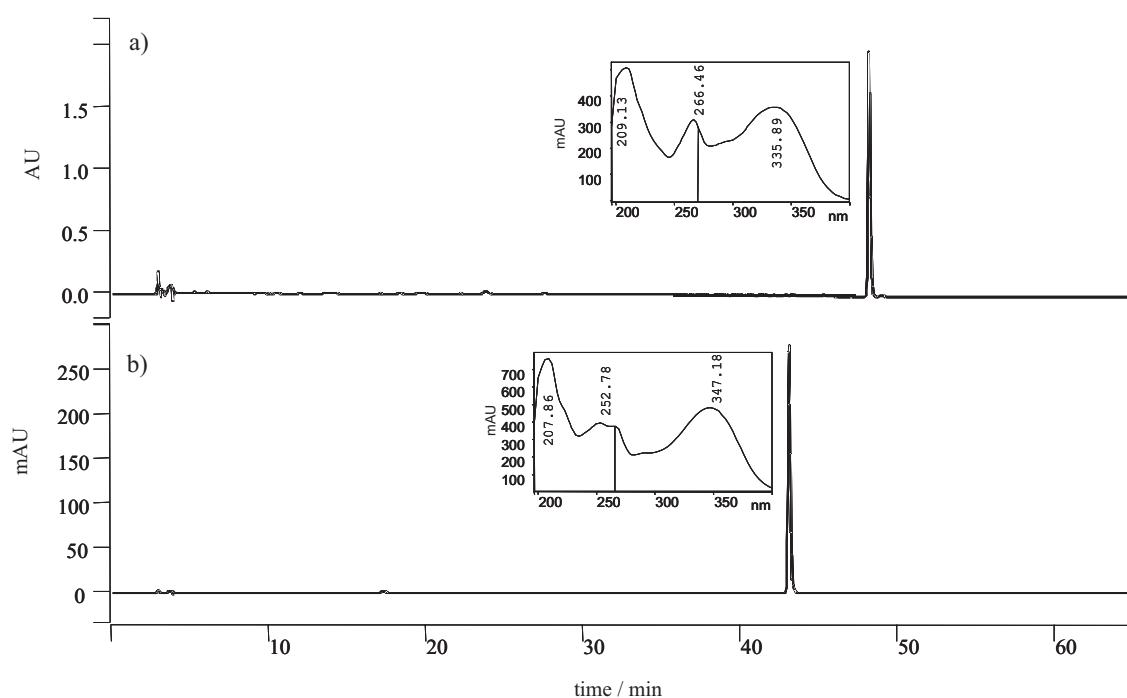
**Figure S26.** UV spectrum of chrysoeriol (MeOH).



**Figure S27.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR 1D-NOESY of chrysoeriol (DMSO- $d_6$ , 11.7 T, ppm, irradiation of  $\delta$  3.890).



**Figure S28.** ESI-MS spectrum of chrysoeriol (negative mode, 70 V).



**Figure S29.** Cromatograms of the co-injections of a) apigenin isolated + apigenin Sigma® (1:1 m/m) and b) luteolin isolated + luteolin Sigma® (1:1 m/m) (C18, 250 × 4.60 mm i. d. × 5 µm). A binary gradient elution system with solvent A (0.05% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O) and solvent B (0.05% TFA in CH<sub>3</sub>CN) was used, with linear gradient starting from 68:32 (A:B) at 20 min and then changed to 75:35 (A:B) for 40 min. The flow-rate was 1.0 mL min<sup>-1</sup>.  $\lambda$  254 nm.