

An efficient, practical and one step procedure to *trans*-3-hydroxy-4-arylpentanones core by Heck-Matsuda reaction

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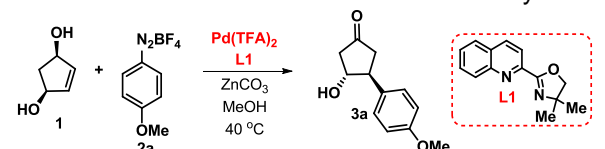
Introduction

The cyclopentane ring is a valuable and important scaffold due to its ubiquitous presence in many natural products and pharmaceuticals, such as prostaglandins and their derivatives.¹ The synthesis of prostaglandin-E remains a challenge because of an unstable β -hydroxy-ketone group and the 3,4-*anti* relationship.² As a synthetic method, the Heck-Matsuda reaction poses as a powerful tool to provide complex molecules in a concise manner³ with atom economy.⁴ Its byproduct is molecular nitrogen. Herein, we report on the desymmetrization of the meso *cis*-4-cyclopentene-1,3-diol (**1**) to produce *trans*-3-hydroxy-4-arylpentanones in one step by Heck-Matsuda reaction. This method has an excellent potential for the development of its asymmetric version.

Results and Discussion

We began our studies with a model reaction applying a general procedure previously established in our research group⁵ using Pd(TFA)₂ in methanol at 40 °C. Our initial experiments focused on the feasibility of the racemic Heck arylation employing the *N,N*-QuinOX ligand **L1** and a careful evaluation the palladium catalyst loading (Table 1).

Table 1. Evaluations of the Heck-Matsuda arylation.



Entry	Pd(TFA) ₂ (mol%)	Ligand	Time (h)	Yield (%) ^a
1	10	-	5	51
2	10	L1	0.25	99
3	5	L1	1	99
4	2.5	L1	2	98
5	1	L1	4	99

^aDetermined by ¹H NMR.

This Heck-Matsuda reaction provided the desired (\pm)-*trans*-3-hydroxy-4-arylpentanone in high yields and *trans*-stereoselectivity. The use of racemic quinoline oxazoline **L1** ligand furnished the

best results even when employing a very small amount of 1 mol% of the palladium catalyst (entry 5). Next, we explored the scope for this new Heck-Matsuda reaction varying the electronic and substitution pattern of the arenediazonium tetrafluoroborate salts. Some selected of the Heck products are shown in Figure 1.

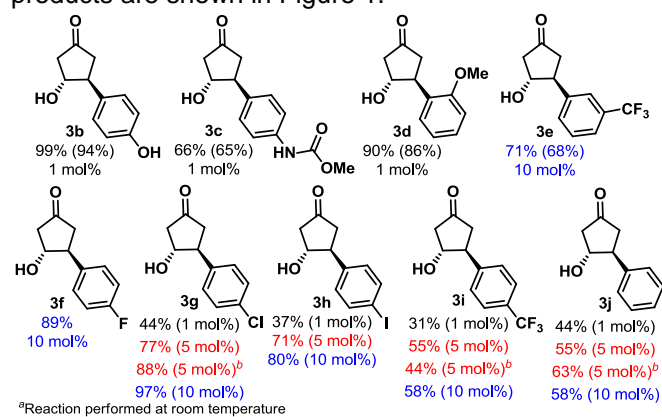


Figure 1. Heck-Matsuda scope.

Conclusions

We have developed an efficient arylation of the meso compound *cis*-4-cyclopentene-1,3-diol (**1**) by a Heck-Matsuda reaction. Our method is extremely practical, mild, can be carried out under “open vessel” conditions and is basically a one step procedure to *trans*-3-hydroxy-4-arylpentanones cores present in many bioactive compounds.

Acknowledgment

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