

Synthesis, crystal structure and adsorption properties of a novel 2-D coordination polymer $\{[\text{Co}(\text{HPDC})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2] \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{DMSO})\}_n$

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Introduction

The synthesis and design of coordination polymers have attracted attention in the last years due to their potential application as chemical materials¹.

To achieve permanent porosity and high gas storage capacity, highly robust metal-organic frameworks have been the major research goal during the past decade.

In this work we report the synthesis, crystal structure and N_2 adsorption/desorption studies of the novel coordination polymer named $\{[\text{Co}(\text{HPDC})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2] \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{DMSO})\}_n$ ($\text{H}_2\text{PDC} = 3,4$ -pyridinedicarboxylic acid).

Results and Discussion

The coordination polymer was obtained by the reaction between H_2PDC ligand and $\text{Co}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in DMSO/EtOH , through the diffusion method. Red crystals were collected by filtration after one month. The infrared spectrum, elemental analysis and TG analysis results are in accordance to the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis, which revealed a compound with 2D polymeric structure. Each $\text{Co}(\text{II})$ center is coordinated by two pyridine nitrogen atoms, two oxygen atoms from carboxylate groups and two oxygen atoms from *aqua* ligands in an octahedral geometry (Figure 1a). There is also the presence of a lattice DMSO and water molecules. HPDC ligands bridge the metal centers generating a 2D sheet, that can be classified as 4-connected uninodal 2D net of (4,4) topology (Figure 1b)².

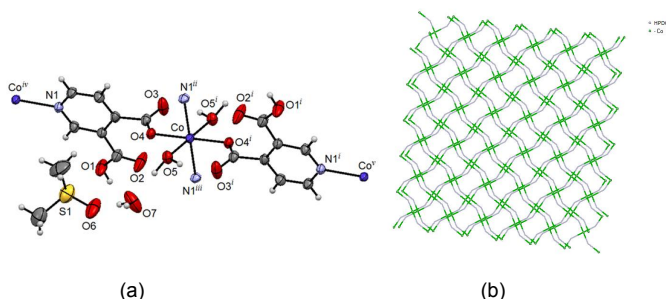


Figure 1. (a) Crystal structure of the $\text{Co}(\text{II})$ coordination polymer and (b) simplified 2D net.

The porosity of the sample was evaluated by N_2 sorption experiment. About 80 mg of the compound was placed in a quartz cell and dried for 12 h at 100°C to remove the solvent molecules prior to measurements. The N_2 sorption isotherm obtained at 77 K exhibits a type III feature with low adsorption capacity, corresponding to a pore volume of 0.20 cm^3 (Figure 2). The Brunauer–Emmett–Teller (BET) and Langmuir surface areas were calculated to be 6.47 and $7.40 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$, respectively, indicating a low adsorption capacity for this polymer, when compared with other polymers³.

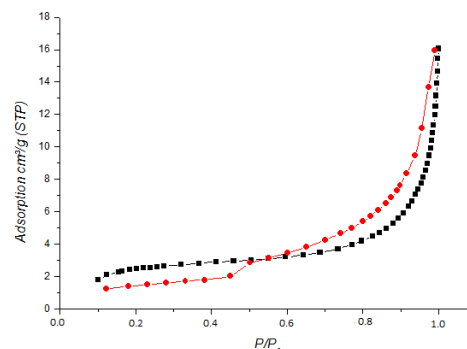


Figure 2. N_2 adsorption (black) and desorption (red) isotherms for the $\text{Co}(\text{II})$ coordination polymer.

Conclusions

In this work the synthesis, characterization and N_2 sorption studies of a coordination polymer, $\{[\text{Co}(\text{HPDC})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2] \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{DMSO})\}_n$ ($\text{H}_2\text{PDC} = 3,4$ -pyridinedicarboxylic acid), were reported. The results showed the formation of 2D net of (4,4) topology with low N_2 adsorption capacity

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